

### How Should You Collect Saliva?

#### **COLLECTION METHODS**

#### **Passive Drool (PD):**

Passive drool is highly recommended because it is cost effective and approved for use with almost all analytes. To avoid problems with analyte retention or the introduction of contaminants, use only high quality polypropylene vials for collection, such as our 2 ml cryovials. Volume Range (Up to 2 mL)



#### SalivaBio Oral Swab (SOS):

For many analytes, the SalivaBio Oral Swab (SOS) is an excellent alternative to passive drool because of its ease of use. The SOS also helps filter mucus and other matter from the sample, which may help improve immunoassay results. Volume Range (200  $\mu L$  - 2 mL)



#### SalivaBio Children's Swab (SCS):

Manufactured with the same material as the SOS but in a longer length, the SCS was designed for children under the age of six, the elderly, and animal applications. The longer length allows one end to be held by a parent or technician while the other end is placed in the mouth. Volume Range (200  $\mu L$  - 2 mL)



#### SalivaBio Infant's Swab (SIS):

Manufactured with the same material as the SOS but in a longer length, the SIS was designed with a narrow diameter for infants under the age of six months. The longer length allows one end to be held by a parent or technician while the other end is placed in the infant's mouth. Volume Range (200  $\mu L$  -  $1\ mL)$ 



Study Worksheet					
Study Name					
# Of Subjects Samples Per Subject	Total # of Samples				
Collection Method Passive Drool SOS	SCS SIS Othe				
Analytes	Volume Required				
Liquid Handling	+ <u>300 μL</u>				
Total Collection Volume Required Per Sample					



# The Saliva Collection Handbook!

Learn proper techniques and methods for saliva collection, handling, and storage with our pocket guide. \*Printable version available on our website!

## How Much Saliva Do You Collect?

ANALYTE OVERVIEW						
Analyte	Sensitivity	Approved Collection Method	Collection Volume (duplicate)	Testing Service	Assay Kit	
Alpha-Amylase	0.4 U/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	25 μL*	<b>*</b>	1	
Androstenedione	5 pg/mL	PD	125 μL*	1	1	
Blood Contamination	0.08 mg/dL	PD	75 μL*	1	1	
Chromogranin A	0.07 ng/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	75 μL*	1	-	
Cortisol	<0.007 µg/dL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	75 μL*	1	1	
Cotinine	0.15 ng/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	75 μL*	1	1	
CRP	10 pg/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	125 μL*	1	1	
Dexamethasone	0.01 ng/mL	Cotton Rope	75 µL*	1	-	
DHEA	5 pg/mL	PD	125 μL*	1	1	
DHEA-S	43 pg/mL	PD	225 µL*	1	1	
Estradiol	0.1 pg/mL	PD	225 μL*	1	1	
Estriol	1 pg/mL	PD	175 μL*	1	1	
Estrone	1 pg/mL	PD	225 µL*	1	1	
IL-1 Beta	<0.37 pg/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	50 μL*	1	1	
IL-6	0.07 pg/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	135 µL*	1	1	
Melatonin	0.58 pg/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	225 μL*	1	1	
Neopterin	0.51 ng/mL	PD	125 µL*	1	-	
170H-Progesterone	3 pg/mL	PD	125 µL*	1	1	
Progesterone	5 pg/mL	PD	125 μL*	1	1	
SIgA	2.5 μg/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	50 μL*	1	1	
Testosterone	1 pg/mL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	75 μL*	1	1	
Total Protein	5 μg/mL	PD	75 μL*	1	_	
TNF-a	0.106 pg/mL	PD	425 μL*	1	-	
Uric Acid	0.07 mg/dL	PD, SOS, SCS, SIS	25 μL*	1	1	

\*In addition to the volume recommended for each analyte, we recommend collecting an additional 300  $\mu L$  to allow for liquid handling loss and possible repeats (500  $\mu L$  for TNF- $\alpha$ ).

